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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/756,401	01/14/2004	Motonao Nakao	HIRA.0134	3504	
75	90 01/19/2006		EXAMINER		
Reed Smith LLP Suite 1400 3110 Fairview Park Drive			JUNG, UNSU		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
Falls Church, V	Falls Church, VA 22042-4503			1641	
			DATE MAILED: 01/19/2006		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Assistant Commencer	10/756,401	NAKAO, MOTONAO			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Unsu Jung	1641			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appeariod for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailin earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a, cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>08 S</u>	Sentember 2004				
	s action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa		secution as to the merits is			
closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims					
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-16</u> is/are pending in the application	l.				
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)☐ Claim(s) is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) 1-16 are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	er er				
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc		Examiner.			
Applicant may not request that any objection to the					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	tion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	xaminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreigr	n priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a))-(d) or (f).			
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:					
1. Certified copies of the priority documen	ts have been received.				
2. Certified copies of the priority documen	ts have been received in Applicati	on No			
Copies of the certified copies of the price	rity documents have been receive	ed in this National Stage			
application from the International Burea	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not receive	ed.			
Attachment(s)					
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D				
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) 5) 🔲 Notice of Informal F	Patent Application (PTO-152)			
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6) Other:					

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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

- 1. Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:
 - Claims 1-5 and 12, drawn to a functional bead, classified in class 422, subclass 57, for example.
 - II. Claim 6, drawn to a method for reading beads by applying a voltage to functional beads in a flow path, classified in class 436, subclass 525, for example.
 - III. Claims 7, 8, and 15, drawn to a bead reading apparatus comprising a flow path, a pair of electrodes, a power source, and a light-receiving element, classified in class 435, subclass 288.7, for example.
 - IV. Claim 9, drawn to a method for reading beads by irradiating functional beads with an electromagnetic wave in a flow path, classified in class 435, subclass 4, for example.
 - V. Claims 10, 11, and 16, drawn to a bead reading apparatus comprising a flow path, an electromagnetic wave source, and a light receiving element, classified in class 435, subclass 287.1, for example.
 - VI. Claims 13 and 14, drawn to a method for reading functional beads by providing a bead reading apparatus, classified in class 435, subclass 287.2, for example.

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2. The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

- 3. Inventions I and II are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). In the instant case the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process. For example, the product of Group I can be used in methods of Groups IV and VI.
- 4. Inventions I, III, and V are independent and patentably distinct. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the product of Group I includes a functional bead comprising a coating layer on a surface and nanoparticles present in the coating layer, which are not required by the apparatuses of Groups III and V. The apparatus of Group III includes a pair of electrodes, which are not required by the product of Group I and apparatus of Group V. The apparatus of Group V includes an electromagnetic wave source, which is not required by product of Group I and apparatus of Group III. Therefore, the inventions of Groups I, III, and V have different modes of operation.

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5. Inventions II and III are related as process and apparatus for its practice. The inventions are distinct if it can be shown that either: (1) the process as claimed can be practiced by another materially different apparatus or by hand, or (2) the apparatus as claimed can be used to practice another and materially different process. (MPEP § 806.05(e)). In this case the apparatus as claimed can be used in a materially different process. For example, the apparatus as claimed can be used in a method to detect cells labeled with nanoparticles.

6. Inventions II, IV, and VI are independent and patentably distinct. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the method of Group II includes a step of enabling functional beads to emit light with a wavelength specific to nanoparticles by applying a voltage to the functional beads in the flow path. This step is not required by the methods of Groups IV and VI. The method of Group IV includes steps of irradiating functional bead with an electromagnetic wave and identifying functional beads based on the emission. These steps are not required by the methods of Groups II and VI. The method of Group VI includes a step of identifying functional beads based on a specific reaction between a first biopolymer and a second biopolymer. This step is not required by the methods of Groups II and IV. Therefore, the methods of Groups II, IV, and VI have different modes of operation.

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7. Inventions IV and III are related as process and apparatus for its practice. The inventions are distinct if it can be shown that either: (1) the process as claimed can be practiced by another materially different apparatus or by hand, or (2) the apparatus as claimed can be used to practice another and materially different process. (MPEP § 806.05(e)). In this case the apparatus as claimed can be used to practice another and materially different process. For example, the apparatus of Group III can be used in the method of Group VI.

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- 8. Inventions VI and III are related as process and apparatus for its practice. The inventions are distinct if it can be shown that either: (1) the process as claimed can be practiced by another materially different apparatus or by hand, or (2) the apparatus as claimed can be used to practice another and materially different process. (MPEP § 806.05(e)). In this case the apparatus as claimed can be used to practice another and materially different process. For example, the apparatus of Group III can be used in the method of Group IV.
- 9. Inventions IV and V are related as process and apparatus for its practice. The inventions are distinct if it can be shown that either: (1) the process as claimed can be practiced by another materially different apparatus or by hand, or (2) the apparatus as claimed can be used to practice another and materially different process. (MPEP § 806.05(e)). In this case the apparatus as claimed can be used to practice another and

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materially different process. For example, the apparatus of Group V can be used in the method of Group VI.

- 10. Inventions VI and V are related as process and apparatus for its practice. The inventions are distinct if it can be shown that either: (1) the process as claimed can be practiced by another materially different apparatus or by hand, or (2) the apparatus as claimed can be used to practice another and materially different process. (MPEP § 806.05(e)). In this case the apparatus as claimed can be used to practice another and materially different process. For example, the apparatus of Group V can be used in the method of Group IV.
- 11. Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above, have acquired a separate status in the art because of their recognized divergent subject matter, and searches for one group are not required by the others, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.
- 12. Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include an election of the invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed (37 CFR 1.143).

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13. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Unsu Jung whose telephone number is 571-272-8506.

The examiner can normally be reached on M-F: 9-5.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Long Le can be reached on 571-272-0823. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Unsu Jung, Ph.D. Patent Examiner Art Unit 1641

> LONG V. LE SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 1600

01/13/06